SUAVE: VHDL Extensions for System-Level Modeling

Peter J. Ashenden Dept Computer Science University of Adelaide, Australia petera@cs.adelaide.edu.au www.cs.adelaide.edu.au/~petera

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Agenda		
• ADTs		
– private types and private parts in packages		
• OO features		
 inheritance, tagged types, type extension, class-wide polymorphic types 		
• Type generics		
• Generic packages and subprograms		
Communication		
 channels and message passing 		
• Processes		
- declarations and instantiation		
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package test_queues is	
use work.tests.all;	
constant max_size : positive := 100;	
<pre>type queue_array is array (0 to max_size - 1) of test; type queue is record head, tail : natural range 0 to max_size - 1; size : natural range 0 to max_size; the_buffer : queue_array; end record queue;</pre>	
function is_empty (Q : queue) return boolean; function is_full (Q : queue) return boolean;	
procedure add (Q : inout queue; item : in test);	
procedure remove (Q : inout queue; item : out test);	
end package test_queues;	

































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- If type is to be used only as parent for derivation, declare it to be *abstract*
 - use reserved word abstract
 - cannot declare objects to be of an abstract type
- If an operation is required for all derived types, but not for parent type, declare it as an *abstract operation* of the parent type
 - no body for the abstract operation
 - must declare overriding operations for derived types
 - like C++ pure virtual functions

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backage body MAC_level is	
procedure set_MAC_dest	(pkt : inout MAC_packet; dest : in MAC_level_address) is
begin	
pkt.dest := dest;	
end procedure set_MAC_	dest;
nd package body MAC_level	l;





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Generic	Type Definitions
[[abstract] tagged] [limited] [access] private	Formal is private, with specified restrictions. Actual is any type that meets the restrictions
[abstract] new <i>type</i> [with [access] private]	Formal is a derived type. Actual must be derived from the specified type. If with private is specified, actual must be a tagged type.
(<>)	Formal is discrete. Actual must be discrete.
range <>	Formal is an integer type. Actual must be an integer type.
range <> . <>	Formal is a floating-point type. Actual must be a floating-point type.
units <>	Formal is a physical type. Actual must be a physical type.

array (index_def'n) of element_def'n	Formal is an array type. Actual must be an array type with the same index and element types.
access type	Formal is an access type. Actual must be an access type with the same designated type.
file of <i>type</i>	Formal is a file type. Actual must be a file type with the same element type.
formal subprogram	Formal is a subprogram. Actual must be a subprogram with the same signature.
formal package	Formal is an instance of a specified package. Actual must be a similar instance of the specified package.





entity shift_register is	
generic (type index_type is (<>);	
type element_type is private;	
type vector is array (index_type ra of element_typ	
<pre>port (clk : in bit;</pre>	ut vector);
end entity shift_register;	
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- subprogram declarations
- Generic packages and subprograms
 - cannot be used or called directly
 - must be instantiated first
- Adopted directly from Ada
 - adapted to integrate with VHDL syntax
 - similar to C++ templates

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type request_message is ; type result_message is ;	
type acknowledgment_channel is null channel;	
<pre>type blocking_request_channel is channel buffer 4 of request_message; type bigger_request_channel is channel buffer 2 * blocking_request_channel'length of request_message;</pre>	
type result_channel is channel buffer <> of result_mess	sage;
subtype blocking_result_channel is result_channel buffe	er 2;
<pre>channel acknowledgment : acknowledgment_channel; channel request : blocking_request_channel; channel result_1 : result_channel buffer 1; channel result_2 : blocking_result_channel;</pre>	











Send & Receive Example		
type image_token is;		
type image_channel is channel of image_token;		
channel source_image, intermediate_image, : image_channel;		
camera_controller : process is		
variable acquired_image : image_token;		
begin		
acquired_image :=; acquire next image		
send acquired_image to source_image;		
end process camera_controller;		
first_filter : process is		
variable raw_image, filtered_image : image_token;		
begin		
receive raw_image from source_image;		
filtered_image :=; $$ filter the raw image		
send filtered_image to intermediate_image;		
end process first_filter;		
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t ype read_request_channel is cha t ype read_finished_channel is nul	nnel of ; —— includes reader id I channel;
t ype write_request_channel is cha t ype write_finished_channel is nul	annel of ; – – includes writer id II channel;
channel read_request : read_requ channel read_finished : read_finish	_ ,
channel write_request : write_requ channel write_finished : write_finis	
access_controller : process is variable number_of_readers, variable read_request_info : .	
variable write_request_info : .	;

























process server is	
port (channel request : in request_channel);	
<pre>process agent is port (channel request : in request_channel);</pre>	
variable info : request_info;	
begin	
<pre>receive info from request; ; perform transaction send to info.result_please.all; terminate; end process agent;</pre>	
<pre>variable info : request_info; variable new_agent_request : request_ref;</pre>	
<pre>begin receive info from request; new_agent_request := new request_channel; process agent port map (request => new_agent_request.all); send info to new_agent_request.all; end process server;</pre>	
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