SmartPower User's Guide

SmartPower User's Guide

Actel Corporation

955 E. Arques Ave., Sunnyvale, CA 94086

© 2003 Actel Corporation. All rights reserved.

Printed in the United States of America

Part Number: 5029136-2

Release: July 2003

No part of this document may be copied or reproduced in any form or by any means without prior written consent of Actel.

Actel makes no warranties with respect to this documentation and disclaims any implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. Information in this document is subject to change without notice. Actel assumes no responsibility for any errors that may appear in this document.

This document contains confidential proprietary information that is not to be disclosed to any unauthorized person without prior written consent of Actel Corporation.

Trademarks

Actel and the Actel logotype are registered trademarks of

Actel Corporation.

Adobe and Acrobat Reader are registered trademarks of

Adobe Systems, Inc.

Mentor Graphics, Precision RTL, Exemplar Spectrum, and Leonoardo Spectrum are registered trademarks of Mentor Graphics, Inc.

WaveFormerLite is a registered trademark of SynaptiCAD, Inc.

Synplify is a registered trademark of Synplicity, Inc.

Sun and Sun Workstation, SunOS, and Solaris are trademarks or registered trademarks of Sun Microsystems, Inc

Synopsys is a registered trademark of Synopsys, Inc.

Verilog is a registered trademark of Open Verilog International.

Viewlogic, ViewSim, ViewDraw and SpeedWave are trademarks or registered trademarks of Viewlogic Systems, Inc.

Windows is a registered trademark and Windows NT is a trademark of

Microsoft Corporation in the U.S. and other countries.

UNIX is a registered trademark of X/Open Company Limited.

All other products or brand names mentioned are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders.

Table Of Contents

SmartPower	2
Welcome to SmartPower	2
Summary tab	3
Domains tab	4
Dynamic tab	6
Activity tab	7
SmartPower Preferences	10
Power Reports	11
SmartPower toolbar / menu commands	
Importing a VCD file in Designer	15
Importing a SAIF file in Designer	
Steps to calculate power	
Define clock domains and Set-Of-Pins	19
Specify individual pin frequencies	21
View results (design level)	23
Analyze results	23
SmartPower equations	25

SmartPower

Welcome to SmartPower

Welcome to SmartPower, the Actel power analysis tool. SmartPower supports only Flash and Axcelerator devices at this time; if you are not using a Flash or Axcelerator device, the SmartPower button disappears from your toolbar. For information on future support for other device families, visit the Actel website at http://www.actel.com.

When you launch SmartPower, you must first input your target clock and data frequencies before you evaluate your power consumption. There is no way to accurately measure the power consumption of your design without first entering your target clock and data frequencies.

For a complete description of the SmartPower tool, please refer to the *SmartPower User's Guide*, included with your user documentation.

Invoking SmartPower

You can only use SmartPower after you open a compiled design (*.adb file), or after compiling and layout of your netlist in Designer. If you invoke SmartPower before compiling your netlist, Designer guides you through the compile and layout.

There are three ways to invoke the SmartPower analysis tool:

- 1. Choose SmartPower from the Tools menu
- 2. Click the SmartPower icon in the Designer toolbar
- 3. Click the SmartPower button in Designer design flow

When you launch SmartPower for the first time, all clocks are assigned a frequency of 10 MHz by default. In addition, SmartPower sets all data frequencies to 1 MHz. In order for you to accurately measure the power consumption of a design, you must specify the target clock and data frequencies.

Steps to Calculate Power

Use the steps below to calculate your power consumption. The steps are identified by the tabs you must view (in the order you must view them) so that you may analyze your power accurately. Click the various tab names for a description of each tab. See the Power Analysis section of the online help for a complete explanation of each step.

- 1. <u>Domains tab</u> Define clock domains, and specify a clock frequency and a data frequency for each clock domain.
- 2. <u>Activity tab</u> Advanced specification of frequencies. This step is optional, but gives you a pin-by-pin control of the frequency.
- <u>Summary tab</u> View global power at the design level and view its impact on Junction temperature.
- 4. <u>Dynamic tab</u> View detailed hierarchical analysis of your power consumption. This step is also optional. But if your power consumption exceeds your budget, this step will help you to understand where there is room for improvement.

SmartPower Interface

Summary tab

The Summary tab is divided into two sections: Power Consumption and Temperatures.

🗲 counter_4347 - Smartf	Power
File Edit View Tools Hel	þ
6 👂 🖬 🗖	
🕂 Summary 🎽 Domain:	s 🧪 Dynamic 🛛 💎 Activity
Power Consumption	
Static	10 mW
Dynamic	4.297 mW
- Temperatures	•
T. Ambient 25	°C Set 🎌
Cooling Still Air	
T. Junction 25.5 °C	
1. ounction 20.0 C	
eac	

SmartPower Summary Tab

Power Consumption

Displays the total static and dynamic power of the design. (Accurate only after you have entered your target clock and data frequencies!)

Temperatures

Displays the impact of the power consumption on the junction temperature for a given cooling scenario. You can specify a cooling scenario using the drop-down menu (available scenarios are: Still Air, 300 ft/min, Custom, and Case Cooling; default is still air). SmartPower also reports the thermal resistance, JA.

The junction temperature estimation T is dependent on the thermal resistance ($_{JA}$) (which is itself package and cooling-style dependent), and also on the ambient temperature T_A and the total dynamic power consumption of your design P. The formula is:

$$T_J = T_A + P \cdot \theta_{JA}$$

where:

 $\theta_{JA} = f(Pkg \& Cooling Style)$

Domains tab

The Domains tab consists of two windows: the Domain Management window and the Pin Management window. You can use these windows to add or remove domains. In addition, you can change the clock and/or data frequency of a selected domain.

File Edit View Tools Help Summary Domains Marne Clock Freq. MHz Add Omain Add ImputSet Add ImputSet Add ImputSet Add ImputSet CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR
Image: Summary Image: Domains Image: Domain Clock Freq. MHz Image: Summary Image: Summary Image: Summary Image: Summary Image:
Remove Domain Add Domain Name Clock Freq. MHz Data Freq. MHz 1 CLK 10 1 2 InputSet 1 Add/Remove Pins in InputSet (Set-Of-Pins) All Pins ImputSet Unclassified Pins: All Pins CLEAR CLEAR padY ENABLE_padY RESET
Name Clock Freq. MHz Data Freq. MHz 1 CLK 10 1 2 InputSet 1 Add/Remove Pins in InputSet (Set-Of-Pins) 1 Unclassified Pins: All Pins Add CLEAR CLEAR_pad.Y ENABLE_pad.Y RESET
Add/Remove Pins in InputSet (Set-Of-Pins) Unclassified Pins: Add Add CLEAR C
Add/Remove Pins in InputSet (Set-Of-Pins) Unclassified Pins: Add Add CLEAR C
Add/Remove Pins in InputSet (Set-Of-Pins) Unclassified Pins: Add Add CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR ENABLE
Add/Remove Pins in InputSet (Set-Of-Pins) Unclassified Pins: All Pins All Pins Add Add CLEAR DCLEAR DCLEAR ENABLE ENABLE_pad:Y ENABLE_pad:Y RESET

SmartPower Domains Tab

Domain Management

The Domain Management window displays a list of existing domains with their corresponding frequencies.

The Domain Management window enables you to create new CLK domains or Set-Of-Pins. Also, You can delete or modify existing CLK or Set-Of-Pins domains.

To create a new CLK domain or Set-Of-Pins, click Add Domain and choose to add a new Clock Domain or Set-Of-Pins. Input the relevant information (potential clock pin, clock and data frequency for a clock domain; name and frequency for a pin) and click Create.

Pin Management

Any pins that do not belong to a domain are listed in the **Unclassified Pins** list box in the Pin Management window. You can select a pin from the **Unclassified Pins** list box and add it to the current domain. You may also select a pin from the current domain and remove it from the domain (this pin will appear in the **Unclassified Pins** list box). Use the filter boxes to narrow your search for a specific pin. The boxes are text filters, * is a wildcard.

Dynamic tab

The Dynamic tab enables you to inspect detailed hierarchical reports of the dynamic power consumption. The Dynamic tab consists of two windows: the hierarchy of instances window, and the report window.



SmartPower Dynamic Tab

Hierarchy of Instances Window

SmartPower displays the hierarchy of instances in a list in the hierarchy window. Sub-blocks of a block are shown in the tree when you click the plus sign (+) next to the block. Only hierarchical blocks are displayed in this list (no gates or nets).

When you select a block of the hierarchical tree, SmartPower displays its name and its dynamic power consumption in the report window.

Report Window

SmartPower displays the list of sub-elements of the selected block in the Report window. By default, this list includes all sub-elements. The dynamic power consumption of each sub-element

is displayed with useful information like the fanout and the driver-name for a net, or the macro model-name for a gate.

You may limit the list of sub-elements to a list of sub-blocks, or gates, or nets, or any combination of these 3 classes of sub-elements. You may also sort the list according to different criteria (double-click a column label to sort the list based on this column, or change the sort-order).

You can export (to a text file) and print the grid that details your design's power consumption. To do so, select the elements of the grid that you wish to export or print, and then from the File menu select Export Grid or Print Grid, respectively.

Activity tab

Use the Activity tab to attach switching activity information on interconnects of the design. The Activity tab is divided into the Select A Domain drop-down menu, the Frequency Estimation area, and the Switching Activities Annotation area.

SmartPower User's Guide

🧭 counter_4347 - SmartPower				_ 🗆 ×	<
File Edit View Tools Help					_
		,			
🔶 Summary 🏾 🍟 Domains 🧳	🎙 Dynamic 🛛 💎	Activity			-1
Select A Do	main: CLK			•	
Average Frequencies			Default Frequencies—		
Clock :	10 MHz	<u> </u>	Clock : 10	MHz Carl	
Data :	1 MHz		Data : 1	MHz Set	
Switching Activities Annotation –					
Not Annotated All Pins	•		Annotated	All Pins 🔻	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Freq A		Name		
Name CLK	10		Name	Freq.	
CLK_pad/IOTILE:Y0 CLK_pad/MUXTILE:GL	10 10	Set To 🔸			
count_aux[2]:Q	1				
COUNT_pad[2]:PAD G_33:Y	1	MHz			
COUNTING_count_aux G_32:Y	1				
G_34:Y	1	🔶 Remove			
COUNTING_count_aux count_aux[1]:0	1				
× Set	Select All		×	Set Select All	
			,		
Ready				. 1111	- //,

SmartPower Activity Tab

Select a Clock Domain Drop Down Menu

Specifies the clock domain (or set of pins). Use the drop-down menu to select a different domain.

You can create your own unique set of pins in the Domains tab.

Average Frequencies

Includes the average frequency of the clock-pins and data-pins of the selected clock domain. Use the Select a Domain drop-down menu to choose another clock domain. If you wish, you may select a set of pins rather than a clock domain. If you select a set of pins instead of a clock domain, SmartPower reports only one average frequency (the average frequency of all the pins of the selected set).

Average Frequencies are useful when you import a VCD file or SAIF file. Since these files enable you to specify the frequency of each pin individually, it is often useful to know the average clock-pin or data-pin frequency for a particular clock domain.

To view the Average Frequencies of a clock domain:

- 1. Select a clock domain. Click the Activity tab, and select a specific domain in the list.
- 2. Verify the average clock frequency. If you did not specify a frequency annotation for any clock-pin in this clock domain, the average value is equal to the default clock-frequency of the clock domain. If you annotated one or several clock-pins, SmartPower takes these specific annotations into account to compute an average value.
- 3. Verify the average data frequency. If you did not specify a frequency annotation for any data-pin in this clock domain, the average value is equal to the default data-frequency of the clock domain. If you annotated one or several data-pins, SmartPower takes these specific annotations into account to compute an average value.

Default Frequencies

Enables you to specify the global clock frequency and data frequency for the given clock domain (or set of pins). For designs with multiple clocks, SmartPower defaults to the first clock in alphabetical order. If you wish, you may select a set-of-pins rather than a clock-domain. In this case, you can modify only one frequency (this frequency is used for all the pins of the selected set).

Switching Activities Annotation Area

Enables you to specify the switching activities for individual pins in the **Clock Domain**. SmartPower displays the pins that have not been annotated in the Not Annotated list box.

Select a pin and specify a different frequency for this pin using the text-box and the Set To button. When you select a pin and specify a frequency, SmartPower removes the pin from the Not-Annotated list-box and adds it to the Annotated list-box. Hold down the CTRL key and click with the mouse to select multiple pins.

Use the Select All button to select all the pins in a list-box. Filter boxes are provided below the list boxes to limit the size of each list of pins. Enter text in these boxes and click Set to apply this text as a filter (the * character is a wildcard). It is also possible to limit the type of each list of pins using a drop-down menu that enables you select All-Pins, Data-Pins or Clock-Pins.

SmartPower Preferences

Enables you to set options that affect the graphical and textual reports. To open the SmartPower - Preferences dialog box, from the File menu choose Preferences. Alternatively, you can click Options in the Power Report dialog box.

Power - Preferences		×
Maximum List Size Control Blocks/Nets/Gates Lists : Pins List :	Units Power mW T Frequency MHz T	OK Cancel
Default Sort Control Sort Order Descending Sort By Power Values	Operating Conditions: Typical 💌 Use Toggle Rates	

SmartPower Preferences Dialog Box

There are four sections: Maximum List Size Control, Default Sort Control, Units, and Operating Conditions.

Maximum List Size Control: Enables you to limit the size of all lists displayed in the SmartPower tab screens (option unavailable at this time).

Default Sort Control: Modifies the default sort for all the lists in SmartPower (available sort keys are Alphabetical or Power values, in either ascending or descending order).

Units: Sets unit preferences for power and frequency.

Operating Conditions: Displays operating conditions; Typical is the only option available at this time.

Use Toggle Rates

When toggle rates are active (Toggle Rates box is checked), the data frequency of all the Clock Domains are defined as a function of the percentage of the clock frequency. This updates the data frequency automatically when you update the clock frequency. Toggle Rates enable you to specify the data frequency as a percentage of clock frequency, but you can no longer specify the actual data frequency, only a percentage value.

Set the data frequency percentage when you <u>create a new clock domain</u> with Toggle Rates active. Also, when toggle rates are active you can set the data frequency percentage in the <u>Domain</u> and <u>Activity</u> tabs.

Potential Clock Pin CLK_pad/IOTILE:Y0 Create Clock Frequency 10 MHz Data Frequency 20 %	Create Clock Domain	×
Clock Frequency 10 MHz	Potential Clock Pin CLK_pad/IOTILE;Y0	Create
		Cancel
Data Frequency 20 %	Clock Frequency 10 MHz	
	Data Frequency 20 %	

Create Clock Domain - Toggle Rates Enabled

Power Reports

The power report enables you to quickly determine if any power consumption problems exist in your design. The power report lists the following information:

- 1. Global device information and SmartPower Preferences selection information
- 2. Dynamic power summary
- 3. Design-level static power summary
- 4. Hierarchical detailed power report (including gates, blocks, and nets), with a block by block, gate by gate, and net by net power summary

Click the Report button to open the Report dialog box. Specify which results you want to display (static or dynamic Power).



SmartPower Report Dialog Box

The SmartPower report returns a complete list of all the blocks, gates, and nets and the related power consumption in the device (it returns the same information displayed in the **Dynamic** tab, but it is more printer friendly).

Set the options in the **Textual Report Control** to customize your power report. Click the checkboxes to include information on **Static Power**, **Dynamic Power**, **Domains**, and **Annotated Pins** (Actual Values are included in all power reports; Breakdown information is not available at this time).

counter_4347	- Po	wer Report						<u> </u>
File Help								
Version	=	01.01.0	1					
Family		PA						
Die		APA150	_					
Package		144 FBG	A					
Temperature	=	COM						
Voltage	=	COM						
Speed	=	STD						
Conditions	=	Typical						
Exploration	Ma:	x Depth	=	None				
Exploration	Mi:	n Ratio	=	None				
Exploration	Mi:	n Value	=	None				
Report Stat:	ic :	Power	=	Yes				
Report Dynam				Yes				
Report Power	s B:	reakdown	=	No				
Flattened Po								
		- neporo						
Section Stat	.ic	Power S	11100	narv				
Block						10.000000	mЫ	
End Section						20.000000		
Section Dyna	əmi	. Power	Sun	marv				
Block				anor y		4.297174	mIJ	-
L						1.02.11.1		

SmartPower Report

The report fully expands all the info included in the **Dynamic** tab by default; use the **Block Expansion Control** to expand only the blocks you are interested in.

The **Block Expansion Control** options filter the values returned in the report. Block Expansion does not control which values are included (the Textual Report Control options determine content), rather it specifies which blocks are detailed or expanded.

You may specify which blocks are expanded using a **Minimum Power** value, a **Minimum Ratio** (with regards to the total power of the design) and a **Maximum** (hierarchical) **Depth**; a value filtered by Block Expansion Control is not included in displayed lists, but it is still included in the upper hierarchical analysis of the design. In other words, SmartPower still includes filtered values in the power analysis.

SmartPower toolbar / menu commands

The SmartPower toolbar contains commands for performing common SmartPower operations on your designs. Roll the mouse pointer over the toolbar button to view a description of the button. Click the button to access the command.



SmartPower Toolbar

The PC and workstation versions of SmartPower have the same menus. However, some dialog boxes may look slightly different on the two platforms due to the different window environments. The functionality is the same on both platforms, though the locations of the fields and buttons on the dialog boxes may vary. The names of some fields may also vary between the PC and workstation versions.

File Menu

Commit: Commits power information to Designer. You must commit your changes if you wish to save your settings in SmartPower. If you commit your changes, the information is stored in the .adb file, and your settings are restored the next time you open your design in SmartPower.

Export Grid (enabled in Dynamic tab): Exports the selected area of the Report Window to a text (.txt) file.

Print Grid (enabled in Dynamic tab): Prints the selected area of the Report Window.

Preferences: Invokes Preferences dialog box, where you can set analysis and display preferences

Close: Closes SmartPower

Edit Menu

Add Domain (enabled in the Domains tab): Adds a clock domain or set of pins.

Remove Domain (enabled in the Domains tab): Removes a domain.

Copy Grid: Copies the selected cells of the dynamic grid onto the clipboard

Tools Menu

Report Power: Generates power report

Importing a VCD file in Designer

The VCD (value change-dump) file is a file format specified in the IEEE 1364 standard. It is an ASCII file that contains header information, definition of variables, and the values of variables.

You can generate a pre- or post-layout VCD file using ModelSim or any other simulation tool that supports VCD file generation. Please refer to the user manual of your simulation tool for more information on how to generate a VCD file.

To import a VCD file:

1. From the File menu in Designer, select Import Auxiliary Files. Click Add to browse to your VCD file and select it. When you have selected a VCD file, click OK to continue.

If you have not yet completed the layout of the design, the design software guides you through place-and-route so that you can import the VCD file. In order to successfully annotate your VCD values to the design, Designer must complete place-and-route even if you generated your VCD file using timing simulation (post-layout).

You may wish to import multiple VCD files. If these files conflict (attempt to set a different frequency for the same net of your design, for example), the latest imported value takes precedence.

2. Specify your VCD import options. Use the VCD Import Options window to specify the instance name of your design in the simulation testbench (the instance name is the instance name of your design instantiated in the simulation testbench). For example, the instance name of the design "top_comp" in the following verilog test-bench is "inst".

```
module test;
reg [3:0] DataA, DataB;
wire AGEB;
top_comp inst(DataA, DataB, AGEB);
initial
begin
......
end;
endmodule;
```

It also possible to identify the instance name of your design in the VCD file. You have to look for a line starting with the keyword \$scope. For example, the instance name of the design "top_comp" in the following VCD file is "inst".

```
$date
Oct 18, 2001 16:02:16
$end
$version
VERILOG-XL 3.30.p001
$end
$timescale
100ps
$end
$scope module inst $end
......
```

Click OK to continue.

- 3. Check the Log window for notification that you successfully imported the VCD file ("The Import command succeeded..."). Even if the Import command succeeds, Actel recommends that you use SmartPower to verify which of the pins have been affected after you import the file.
- 4. Verify results of the imported file in the Activity tab screen in SmartPower. To view the results of your imported VCD file, launch SmartPower and navigate to the Activity tab screen to view pins with annotated switching activities. If your file was imported successfully, you will see a long list of pins with annotated switching activity and specific individual frequencies.

It may be that some pins of your design are not annotated by a VCD import command. This happens if you simulate a pre-synthesis netlist; it is normal because not all logic elements are in the pre-synthesis netlist. Thus, for accurate power estimation it is better to run post-layout simulation with a back-annotated netlist.

SmartPower

Importing a SAIF file in Designer

The following instructions are meant only as a guide. For an explanation of the complete flow (including screenshots), please refer to the SmartPower User's Guide included with your software.

To import a SAIF file:

1. From the File menu in Designer, select Import Auxiliary Files. Click Add to browse to your SAIF file and select it. When you have selected a SAIF file, click OK to continue.

If you have not yet completed the layout of the design, the design software guides you through place-and-route so that you can import the SAIF file. In order to successfully annotate your SAIF values to the design, Designer must complete place-and-route even if you generated your SAIF file using timing simulation (post-layout).

You may wish to import multiple SAIF files. If these files conflict (attempt to set a different frequency for the same net of your design, for example), the latest imported value takes precedence.

2. Specify your SAIF import options. Use the SAIF **Import Options** window to specify the instance name of your design in the simulation testbench (the instance name is the instance name of your design instantiated in the simulation testbench). You must include the hierarchy with the instance name.

The example below example shows how to identify the instance name of your design in the SAIF file. For example, the instance name of the design in the following SAIF file is "TEST_BENCH/UUT".

```
(SAIFILE
(SAIFVERSION "1.1")
(DESIGN 2ff)
(DATE "Fri May 10 14:48:46 2002")
......
(TIMESCALE 1ns)
(DURATION 50000)
```

```
(INSTANCE TEST_BENCH/UUT (PORT (OUT_PORT (TC 26) (IG 0) (T1
25994)
(T0 22000) (TX 2006))))
(INSTANCE TEST_BENCH/UUT/\outpad/U0/U1\ (PORT (Y (TC 26)
(IG 0)
(T1 25995) (T0 22000) (TX 2005))))
(INSTANCE TEST_BENCH/UUT/\ff1/U0\ (PORT (Q (TC 27) (IG 0)
(T1 26000)
(T0 22997) (TX 1003))))
(INSTANCE TEST_BENCH/UUT/\clkpad/U0/U0\ (PORT (Y (TC 99)
(IG 0)
(T1 25000) (T0 24999) (TX 1))))
```

Click OK to continue.

- 3. Check the Log window for notification that you successfully imported the SAIF file ("The Import command succeeded..."). Even if the Import command succeeds, Actel recommends that you use SmartPower to verify which of the pins have been affected after you import the file.
- 4. Verify results of the imported file in the Activity tab screen in SmartPower. To view the results of your imported SAIF file, launch SmartPower and navigate to the Activity tab screen to view pins with annotated switching activities. If your file was imported successfully, you will see a list of pins with annotated switching activity and specific individual frequencies.

It may be that some pins of your design are not annotated by a SAIF import command. This sometimes happens if you simulate a pre-synthesis netlist. It is normal; not all logic elements are in the pre-synthesis netlist. Thus it is better to do a post-layout simulation with a back-annotated netlist for the most accurate power estimation.

Power Analysis

Steps to calculate power

Use the steps below to calculate your power consumption. The steps are identified by the tabs you must view (in the order you must view them) so that you may analyze your power accurately.

Click the various tab names for a description of each tab; click the text in each step to see a more complete explanation of that step.

- <u>Domains tab</u> <u>Define clock domains</u>, and specify a clock frequency and a data frequency for each clock domain.
- <u>Activity tab</u> <u>Specify individual pin frequencies</u>, this step is optional, but gives you a pinby-pin control of the frequency.
- 3. <u>Summary tab</u> <u>View global power</u> at the design level and view its impact on Junction temperature.
- 4. <u>Dynamic tab</u> <u>View detailed hierarchical analysis</u> of your power consumption. This step is also optional. But if your power consumption exceeds your budget, this step will help you to understand where there is room for improvement.

Define clock domains and Set-Of-Pins

When you run SmartPower, it researches your existing clock domains and partitions your design automatically. You may wish to review the list of clock domains in the <u>Domains tab</u> to ensure that all the clocks of your design are included in the list. Add or remove clocks as necessary.

To add a new clock domain:

 Click the Domains tab, and click the Add Domain button. Select Clock Domain from the drop-down menu. This opens the Create Clock Domain dialog box.

Create Clock Domain	×
Potential Clock Pin CLK_pad/IOTILE:Y0	Create
	Cancel
Clock Frequency 10 MHz	
Data Frequency 1 MHz	

Create Clock Domain Dialog Box - Toggle Rates Disabled

 To create a new clock, select a Potential Clock Pin, specify a clock and data frequency, and click Create. The new clock domain appears in the Domains window. If you select an existing clock-pin from the drop-down menu, the lists of clock-pins and data-pins of this new clock domain are computed automatically based on the netlist topology.

Note: Select Use Toggle Rates in the <u>SmartPower Preferences</u>, to define your data frequency as a percentage of your clock frequency. If your data frequency is 20% of your clock frequency, type "20" in the Data Frequency text box.



Create Clock Domain Dialog Box - Toggle Rates Enabled

You may wish to create an empty clock domain and fill the lists of clock-pins and datapins manually. If so, do not select a clock-pin, just type a new name for your clock domain.

Beyond the verification of the list of clock domains, you may also wish to verify that the lists of clock-pins and data-pins computed for each clock domain are correct.

To verify the lists of clock-pins and data-pins of a clock domain:

- 1. To select a Clock Domain, click the **Domains** tab, and select a specific **Domain** in the list.
- Display the list of clock-pins or data-pins of this Domain. A drop-down menu in the Domain tab enables you to select clock-pins or data-pins. SmartPower displays the list of pins corresponding to your selection below the drop-down menu. You can add or remove clock-pins and data-pins as necessary.
- 3. **Remove a pin from a clock domain.** Highlight the selected pin and click the Remove button. The pin is removed from the clock domain, and is made available in the list of pins that you can add in another clock domain.
- 4. Highlight the selected pin in the list of pins that are not yet in a domain and click the Add button to add a pin in a clock domain. This pin is added to the clock domain. It is a clock-pin or a data-pin, depending on the specification of the drop-down menu when

you click the Add button.

Note: You cannot add a pin that exists in another domain until you free it from the existing domain. The pin is unavailable until you remove it from the existing domain.

After you have verified that all the clocks of your designs are correctly identified and constructed, you must <u>specify the correct clock and data frequency</u> for each clock domain.

To add a new set of pins:

 Open the Create Clock Domain dialog box. Click the Domains tab, and click the Add Domain button. Select Set-Of-Pins from the drop-down menu.

Create Set of P	ins		2	Ľ
Set Name	Output		Create	
Frequency	1	MHz	Cancel	

Create Set of Pins Dialog Box

 Create a Set-Of-Pins. Name your new Set-Of-Pins, specify a data frequency, and click Create. The new Set-Of-Pins appears in the Domains window.

Specify individual pin frequencies

The <u>Activity</u> enables you to specify an average clock and data frequency for each clock domain, and also an average frequency for each set of pins. This gives you an initial estimate of the power consumption of your design. However, if this estimate is not accurate enough, you may refine it with a pin-by-pin annotation of the frequency.

To specify a frequency annotation for an individual pin:

 Locate the pin in the <u>Activity tab</u>. You may need to select different clock domains from the drop-down menu on the Activity tab, then search in the Not-Annotated Pins list to find the specific pin. You can use filters to facilitate this search. 2. Highlight the pin in the list of **Not Annotated** pins, enter a new frequency value, and click the **Set To** button. This specifies a new frequency for the selected pin. The pin with this new frequency appears in the list of **Annotated** pins. Repeat these 2 steps as necessary to annotate the frequency of several pins.

Note: This annotation procedure enables you to set the frequency of an individual pin, but this does not mean that the pin is removed from its clock-domain. A frequency annotation just overrides the domain-level frequency.

You may wish to change or remove a frequency annotation of an individual pin. This may be useful when you <u>import a VCD (value change-dump) file</u> or a <u>SAIF (Switching Activity</u> <u>Interchange Format)</u> file.

To change the frequency annotation of an individual pin:

- Locate the pin in the Activity tab. You may need to select different clock domains from the drop-down menu on the Activity tab, and then search in the Annotated Pins list to find the specific pin. You can use filters to facilitate the search.
- 2. Highlight the pin in the list of Annotated pins, enter a new frequency value, and click the Set To button. This specifies a new frequency for this pin. The pin appears in the list of annotated pins with this new frequency. Repeat these 2 steps as necessary to change the frequency annotation of several pins.

To remove the frequency annotation of an individual pin:

- Locate the pin in the Activity tab. You may need to select different clock domains from the drop-down menu on the Activity tab, and then search in the Annotated Pins list to find the specific pin. You can use filters to facilitate the search.
- Highlight the pin in the list of Annotated pins and click the Remove button. This
 removes the specified frequency from the Annotated pin. The pin appears in the list of
 Not Annotated pins. Repeat these 2 steps as necessary to remove the frequency
 annotation of several pins.

SmartPower

View results (design level)

Click the <u>Summary tab</u> to view global power consumption at the design level. The Summary tab shows your designs' estimated Power Consumption and Temperature information.

The power estimation reported in the **Summary** tab is the total static and dynamic power consumption of your design. For a more detailed view of this power consumption, click the <u>Dynamic tab</u>.

To estimate the junction temperature:

- Verify your package. You cannot change your package directly in SmartPower, because it may obsolete your place-and-route information (and thus it may severely impact the total power consumption). If you wish to choose another package, you have to do it in Designer -> Tools -> Device Selection.
- 2. Click the **Summary** tab, and select a **Cooling** style in the list. Thermal resistance changes automatically when you update the cooling style.
- 3. Specify an ambient temperature. Enter an **ambient temperature** (default value is 25°C), and click the **Set** button.

Note: The junction temperature value changes according to the package, cooling style, and ambient temperature values you choose.

Analyze results

The **Dynamic** tab displays the estimated power consumption of individual blocks, gates, and nets and enables you to make a hierarchical analysis of your power consumption. The **Dynamic** tab may also help you to improve your power consumption by identifying the blocks, gates and nets consuming a significant amount of power.

You can export (to a text file) and print the grid that lists your design's power consumption. To do so, select the elements of the grid that you wish to export or print, and then from the File menu select Export Grid or Print Grid, respectively.

To identify the blocks, gates, or nets that are consuming the most power:

 Use the Dynamic tab to expand the design hierarchy. The Dynamic tab enables you to expand your design hierarchy and view a complete list of the blocks in your design. Click the '+' next to your design to view the hierarchy. Click the '+' next to a sub-block to view its sub-elements. Consider the figure below, which shows an example of a clock pin with high fanout.



- 2. Click to select a block. By default SmartPower selects the design-level block, but you can always select another block in the hierarchical tree. The report window displays the list of sub-elements of the selected block. By default, this list includes all sub-elements. SmartPower displays the dynamic power consumption of each sub-element with useful information like the fanout and the driver-name for a net, or the macro model-name for a gate.
- 3. Sort and filter the sub-elements to find the block, gate, or net that is using the most power. Double-click a column heading to sort by that column (or to change the sort order). By default SmartPower sorts the sub-elements according to their power consumption. The top of the list of sub-elements gives you the main sources of dynamic power consumption at the hierarchical level. Click a checkbox to limit the list of sub-elements to a list of gates, nets or blocks.

Power Calculation

SmartPower equations

SmartPower calculates two power values for your design:

- 1. Static Power This value is family and die-size dependent and is estimated at the design level (at this time all die sizes for each family have the same static power).
- 2. Dynamic Power: This value is a summation of the dynamic power consumed by each element of the design (nets, modules, IOs, RAM, FIFO, PLL, etc.).

Note: The examples below are for general evaluation purposes only. They are not a precise representation of the actual calculations, since each calculation takes into account family-specific information.

For a net,

 $P = C \cdot V^2 \cdot F$

where C is the total capacitive loading of the net (extracted from the routing topology), V is the net's voltage swing, and F is the average switching frequency.

For a module, the power is computed using a characterized library (by family and diesize) describing a specific power model for each type of module. For example, the power model of a flip-flop is given by

 $P = P_{CK} \cdot F_{CK} + P_{DOUT} \cdot F_{DOUT} + P_{Din} \cdot F_{Din}$

where F_{CK} is the average clock-input frequency for this flip-flop, F_{DOUT} is its average data-output frequency, and P_{CK} , P_{DOUT} , and P_{Din} are three constants estimated by electrical simulation and silicon characterization for this flip-flop module.

For an I/O, the formula used for computing the power consumption depends on the I/O technology and the family. For example, for a TTL output, the dynamic power is given by

 $P = P_{INT} \cdot F + C \cdot V^2 \cdot F$ where C is the output load of the port (35 pf for TTL), V is the output's voltage swing (3.3 V for TTL), P_{INT} represents an internal power contribution dissipated in the pad, and F is the average switching frequency of the IO.

For a complex block, like a RAM, a FIFO, or a PLL, SmartPower uses a high-level power model that integrates design parameters.

SmartPower automatically computes all the constant parameters of these equations. However, the frequencies depend on the target frequencies of your design. Since it is impractical to enter each frequency manually, SmartPower has several flows that help you to estimate the frequencies and calculate the power consumption.